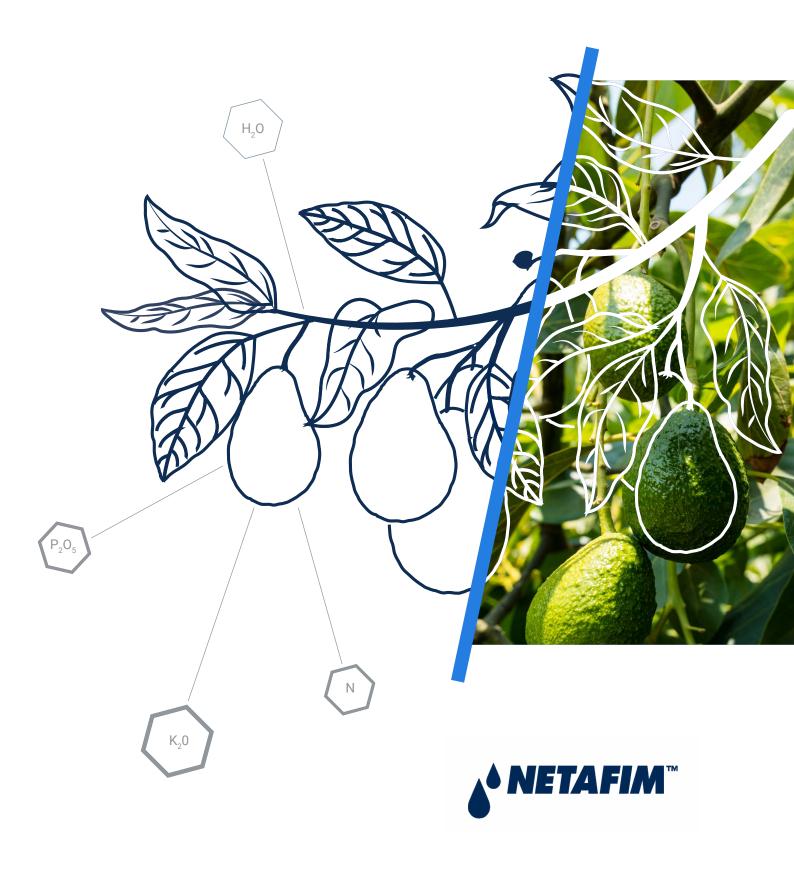


Irrigation & Fertigation Guidelines



GENERAL GUIDELINES

Following are basic guidelines for irrigation and fertigation of Hass Avocado orchards with estimated yield of 18ton/ha. It is recommended to adjust your plan based on your specific local conditions related to soil type, climate, rootstock, planting patterns and yield targets.

Irrigation principles:

- Avocado has a shallow root zone so frequent irrigation is important
- Recommendations are for drip irrigation. if using micro-sprinklers add 20% to the water dose
- Recommendations are based on no rain
- Effective rain event is one over 10mm .
- Rain efficiency should be calculated at 60% rate
- After a significant rain event you should resume irrigation when top soil layer starts drying. If soil is sandy or when climate is hot it can be within 2-3 days. If soil is heavy or in cooler periods it can be up to 7-8 days
- Recommendations are for fully grown trees, if trees are already productive but canopy is not fully grown, you can reduce 10-20% of the irrigation quantity according to tree size

_____ Disclaimer: This document is a decision support tool based on estimations and should serve as a general guideline only. Netafim makes no warranties or representations of whatsoever kind, whether expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy and/or completeness of the information. the use of this information is at the users own responsibility and risk

· Convert mm/day or m³/ha/day recommendation to hours per shift/day by using the following formula:

Dripper flowrate (I/h)

= application rate Dripper spacing (m) x lateral spacing (m) (mm/h)

Example:

Recommended irrigation dose: 5mm/day = 50m³/ha/day Dripper spacing : 0.5m Lateral spacing : 4.5m (usually 2 laterals per crop row are used. So typical lateral spacing is 2.25m) Dripper flow rate : 1.0 l/h 1.0

- = 0.88mm/hour = 8.8 m³/ha/hour 0.5 x 2.25

5mm/day = 5.6 hours per shift /day 0.88 mm/hour

	Stage 1	Stage 1 Stage 2		Stage 4	Stage 5	Stage 6		
	Floral bud break andFlowering toinflorescence developmentfruit set		Fruitlet growth	Fruit growth	Fruit growth and flower differentiation	Harvest and flower differentiation		
Кс	0.5	0.65	0.75	0.85	0.85	0.5		
Irrigation interval light soil (days)	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Irrigation interval heavy soil (days)	1	1	2	2	2	3		
N (Kg/ha/stage)	25	20	45	45	65	50		
P₂0₅ (Kg/ha/stage)	5	5	10	10	15	10		
K ₂ 0 (Kg/ha/stage)	25	20	45	45	65	50		
	IRRIGATION EXAMPLE:							
Typical ETO	5	6	7	8	6	2.5		
Daily irrigation (mm/day)	2.5	3.9	5.3	6.8	5.1	1.25		
	30 days	30 days	60 days	60 days	90 days	95 days		

Fertigation principles:

- Fertilizing guidelines are based on the assumption that P and K levels in the soil are low-to-medium
- It is recommended to apply fertilizer in every irrigation so split the total amount for the relevant period in to expected irrigation events
- Fertigation should start only after the system is fully pressurized and stopped 30 min before irrigation is stopped
- If you cannot fertigate every irrigation, it is recommended to fertigate at least once a week
- In case of rain, skip irrigation but do not skip fertigation. Fertigate with a high concentration of fertilizer and a small water volume
- · Avocado is sensitive to salinity. Do not irrigate with water that has EC levels above 1.5ds/m

Irrigation & fertigation of young orchards

GENERAL GUIDELINES

- Recommendations are in liter per tree per day (L/T/D)
- Recommendations are based on mild climate.
- Recommendations refer to water that is applied close to the trunk within the reach of the young root zone any water applied that doesn't meet the root zone shouldn't be considered
- Make sure there are drippers directly above the root zone and that drops do not slide along the drip lateral and miss their target
- Root zone diameter is roughly parallel to canopy diameter, so drippers that are not below the canopy do not serve the effective root zone
- During first years you can cap drippers between the trees to avoid water and fertilizer waste. Use the designated cap for UniRam and keep opening the caps as crop develops Example:

In a first year orchard near the root zone there are 4 drippers of 1.0 l/h and the recommendation is of 10 L/T/D - irrigate for 2.5 hours per shift per day

- Recommendations are based on no rain
- Effective rain event is one over 10mm
- Rain efficiency should be calculated at 40% rate
- After a significant rain event you should resume irrigation when top soil layer starts drying. If soil is sandy or when climate is hot it can be within 2-3 days. If soil is heavy or in cooler periods it can be up to 7-8 days.

Cool

Septem



			С	ool				Hot						
		June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	Sum
	L/T/D	8	8	8	8	8	10	15	20	20	10	8	8	
	Ν	5	4	6	6	6	6	7	7	6	6	6	5	70
1	P ₂ 0 ₅	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	30
	K ₂ 0	5	4	6	6	6	6	7	7	6	6	6	5	70

Hot

Deceml

Februa

Cool



		June	July	August	eptember	October	lovember)ecember	January	February	March	April	May	Sum	
Š	L/T/D	10	10	10	10	15	15	20	25	25	20	10	10		
	Ν	7	6	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	7	100	
	$P_{2}O_{5}$	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	35	
	K ₂ 0	7	6	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	7	100	
			С	ool			Hot Cool								
		Jur	Jul	Augi	Septer	Octo	Noven	Decen	Janu	Febru	Mar	Apr	Ma	Sur	

Novem



Č=		June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	Sum
	L/T/D	15	15	15	15	20	20	30	40	40	30	20	20	
	Ν	7.8	7.1	10	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	8.7	120
R	P ₂ O ₅	2.6	2.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.5	2.9	40
	K ₂ 0	7.8	7.1	10	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	8.7	120